An 85 year old woman presented with a one month history of change in her bowel habits in the form of alternating diarrhoea and constipation. She also noted some rectal bleeding. Flexible sigmoidoscopy revealed a 1.5 cm polyp 30 cm from the anus. The polyp was removed during the sigmoidoscopy by electrocautery and sent for histological examination. The polyp was a tubular adenoma with mild dysplasia. The adenoma contained numerous foci of metaplastic bone. These consisted of irregular islands of mineralised osteoid bone rimmed by a layer of scattered osteoblasts. This is the first case of osseous metaplasia in a tubular adenoma of the colon to be reported.

A histopathological examination was performed on the specimen. The tissue was fixed in 10% formalin, embedded in paraffin wax, and 4 µm thick sections were cut and stained with haematoxylin and eosin. The polyp was a tubular adenoma with mild dysplasia. The adenoma contained numerous foci of metaplastic bone (fig 1). These consisted of irregular islands of mineralised osteoid bone rimmed by a layer of scattered osteoblasts.

DISCUSSION

The formation of bone outside the skeletal system occurs in many pathological conditions, and may be clinically important, as in generalised myositis ossificans, or may represent an incidental finding. In both situations, the ossification process is initiated by a local osteogenic factor, which stimulates osteoblasts to differentiate and synthesise ground substance and collagen. Hydroxyapatite crystal formation, which is the final step in bone formation, depends on the presence of an adequate concentration of calcium and phosphate. Randall et al suggested that metastatic colonic carcinoma can promote heterotopic ossification, and that alkaline phosphatase is intimately associated with bone formation under these pathological conditions because immunostaining for alkaline phosphatase is not only seen in osteoblast-like cells, but also in apical membranes of the cancer cells next to areas of bone formation.

Dukes in 1939 published the seminal paper describing osseous metaplasia in rectal cancer. Bone formation is a rare phenomenon in the gastrointestinal tract being associated with mucin producing tumours of the rectum, colon, and appendix. Osseous metaplasia in a benign colonic polyp has also been reported once by Sperling and Friedman. With the rectum being the most common site of osseous metaplasia (especially in malignant cases, with a prevalence of 0.4%), it is notable that only two cases have been reported in the rectum describing osseous metaplasia in a tubular adenoma and a tubulovillous adenoma. To the best of our knowledge, this is the first reported case of osseous metaplasia in a tubular adenoma of the colon.

Although the exact mechanism of metaplasia in our case is not clear, we suggest that osseous metaplasia in a tubular adenoma, as in any adenocarcinomas of the gastrointestinal tract, results from direct contact with the adenoma cells or is the result of factors released from adenoma cells, which are...
yet to be identified. Therefore, a “cause and effect” association needs to be investigated and established.

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