PostScript 959

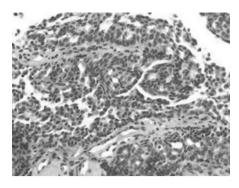


Figure 1 H and E stain (\times 200) showing a papilloma.

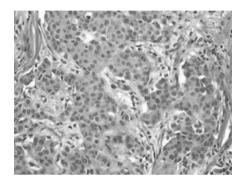


Figure 2 H and E stain (×200) showing an invasive ductal carcinoma.

authors identified focal CD10 staining of breast epithelial cells. We recently saw a case of coexistent intraductal papilloma, intraductal carcinoma and infiltrating ductal carcinoma of breast (figs 1 and 2). The cytoplasm of epithelial cells in all components was pancytokeratin positive and CD10 positive (figs 3 and 4) in addition to myoepithelial CD10 staining in the intraductal papilloma. Kalof et al also mentioned the study of Moritani et al,2 which showed lack of CD10 positivity in both non-neoplastic and neoplastic breast epithelia. Methodological differences were mentioned by Kalof et al as possible reason(s) for the discrepant results between their study and that of Moritani et al. Comparison of the methods used in the study of Kalof et al, that of Moritani et al and our case study (table 1) indicates that CD10 immunostaining methods using 56C6 clone and/or non-heat antigen retrieval detect CD10 expression in non-neoplastic and neoplastic breast epithelial cells.

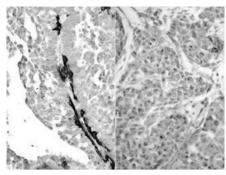


Figure 3 CDIO immunostain (×400). Left: epithelial cytoplasmic positivity in papilloma; right: cytoplasmic positivity in invasive ductal carcinoma.

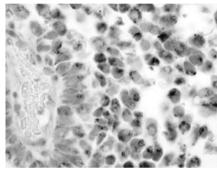


Figure 4 CD10 immunostain (×1000) showing epithelial cytoplasmic staining.

In their in vitro study of phenotypic and functional characterisation of a multipotent epithelial cell in the normal adult human breast, Stingl *et al*³ identified a bipotent human breast epithelial cell progenitor that can express MUC-1, CD10 and epithelial-specific antigen and can generate mixed colonies of both epithelial and myoepithelial cells. Therefore, it is possible to see CD10 expression in the breast luminal epithelial cells arising from these bipotent cells.

Although we cannot draw any conclusions about CD10 expression in breast epithelium based on the study by Kalof *et al* and our single case result, CD10 positivity in epithelial cells should not rule out the possibility of primary breast cancer during the work-up of a metastatic adenocarcinoma. Larger studies using different CD10 antibody clones and different

antigen retrieval methods could help clarify CD10 positivity in mammary epithelium.

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CORRECTIONS

doi: 10.1136/jcp.2006.041012 corr1

There was an error in the author list of an article published in the June issue (Chuang S-S, Liu H, Ye H, *et al.* Pulmonary mucosaassociated lymphoid tissue lymphoma with strong nuclear B-cell CLL/lymphoma 10 (BCL10) expression and novel translocation t(1;2)(p22;p12)/immunoglobulin chain-BCL10. *J Clin Pathol* 2007;60:727–8.) The correct author order should be Chuang S-S, Liu H, Martín-Subero JI, Siebert R, Huang W-T, Ye H.

doi: 10.1136/jcp.2005.033282corr1

The email address of a corresponding author of an article published in the July issue has since changed. (Goddard KA, Townsend R, Ridgway E. Rapid diagnosis of intrapartum group B streptococcal carriage by fluorescent in situ hybridisation. *J Clin Pathol* 2007;**60**:842–3.) The new email address is mikekirstg@aol.com