### Book reviews


This book is the proceedings of the third symposium on 'Oncogenesis and Herpesviruses'—in this instance held in Cambridge, Massachusetts in 1977. It is not a book for most clinical pathologists, being a collection of papers on the molecular biology of herpesviruses. However, for the specialist research worker in the field, it is invaluable and contains some of the exciting developments that have taken place in recent years. These are largely due to the introduction of techniques such as restriction enzyme analysis, and the results of its application to herpes DNA are to be found throughout the contents. Thus these are papers describing the mapping of genes coding for virus-specific polypeptides on the viral genome and the characterisation of virus DNA from transformed cells. The scope of the papers is of courses wider than this, and there are sections which deal with virus antigens and virus macromolecular synthesis in permissive and non-permissive cells. The bulk of the papers are on herpes simplex virus, but there are sizable contributions on Epstein-Barr virus, cytomegalovirus, and a few of the animal herpesviruses. The only criticism I have is that some of the papers have been overtaken by publications in scientific journals, and the book would have been of greater value if it had been possible to publish it in one year rather than two years after the symposium took place. **MORAG C TIMBURY**


The second part of the symposium will be of greater interest to medical readers since it is on host-virus interactions, both *in vitro* and *in vivo*. Epstein-Barr virus dominates the papers, although other human herpesviruses, as well as those of various animal species, are included. Possibly the most interesting contributions to a clinical pathologist are those which deal with latency and with the immune response to Epstein-Barr virus infection. Both these fields are 'growth points' at present, and this book contains much new and interesting data on them. Although not a book for the general reader, it will be indispensable for workers in the field, which includes not only herpes virologists, but the larger number of workers involved in the investigation of the role of viruses in cancer. **MORAG C TIMBURY**


This slim volume is the product of a symposium on paediatric nephrology, held in San Juan, Puerto Rico, in May 1976 under the guidance of Dr JF Pascual of San Juan and Dr PL Calcagno of Georgetown University, Washington DC, USA. It consists of review articles by well-established figures in paediatric nephrology (Edelmann, McCrory, Arneil, Gruskin, Pascual, Calcagno) on nephrological topics related to the newborn. This is an example of secondary literature in that most of the authors have presented their material in a more definitive form elsewhere. The volume will be of little interest to those who are conversant with the field, and of little value to those who are not. The sterling price is not quoted but must be at least £10. At 15p per page the temptation to illegal use of the Xerox will be strong. **TM BARRATT**


These two volumes are the proceedings of a conference on shock held in Airlie, Virginia in June 1978. The papers in Volume 1 range over a variety of aspects concerned with hypovolaemic (oligaemic), cardiogenic, and splanchnic shock, and related aspects of hypoxia and ischaemia. Its introductory chapter is by Richard Lillehei, who gives an interesting historical analysis of induced vasodilatation for