

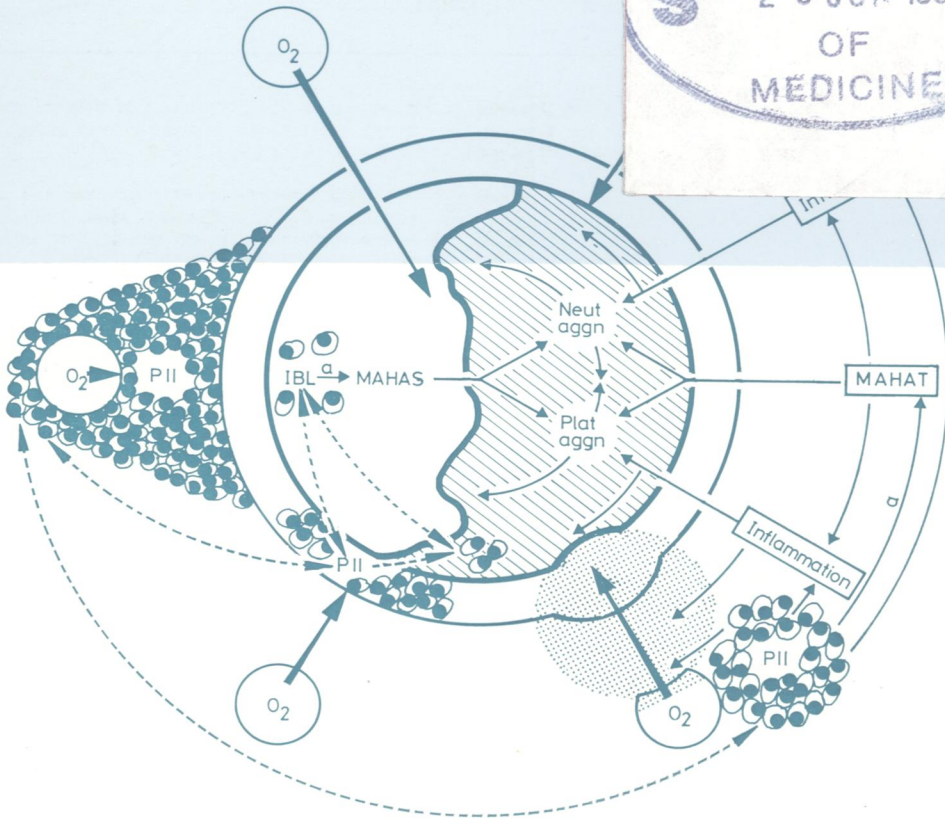
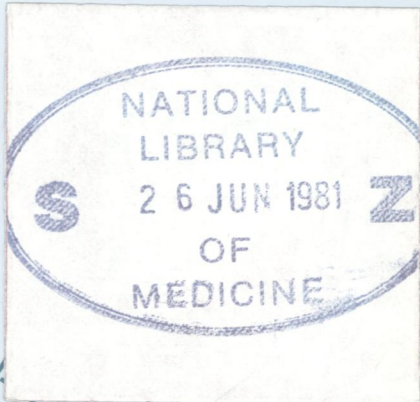
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- Venule
- Terminal bronchioles and alveoli
- Immunoblasts
- Fibrin
- Oedema
- Possible immunoblast migration pathways

Pathophysiological mechanisms that may result in various pulmonary defects in patients with angioimmunoblastic lymphadenopathy, pulmonary immunoblastic infiltration and multiple antihemocyte antibodies in the serum, and the possible amplification of one of these by chemotherapy. See Fig. 5, page 492.